

Financial Statements September 30, 2013 Capital City Development Corporation

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Commissioners **Capital City Development Corporation**Boise, Idaho

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Capital City Development Corporation (the Agency), a component unit of Boise City, Idaho, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2013 which comprise the Agency's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Agency's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Agency's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial governmental activities and each major fund of the Agency as of September 30, 2013, and the respective changes in financial position in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated January 16, 2014 on our consideration of the Agency's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That reports is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Agency's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Side Sailly LLP Boise, Idaho

January 16, 2014

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

This section of Capital City Development Corporation's (The Agency's) annual financial report is provided by the management in accordance with GASB requirements to assist the reader in identifying and reviewing key issues and financial activity for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2013. Since this discussion and analysis focuses on the current fiscal year's activities and is a summary, the reader is encouraged to review the financial statements and notes which follow this section to gain a complete understanding of the Agency's finances.

Financial Highlights

- The Agency's total assets exceeded its liabilities at the close of the fiscal year 2013 by \$21,945,403. Of this total, \$12,650,179 is invested in capital assets (net of debt).
- At fiscal year close, the Agency's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$22,341,337.
- During fiscal year 2013 the Agency's expenses were \$14,000,815 compared to the \$12,830,616 reported in 2012. The change in expenses was primarily associated increased investment in community development, capital outlay and related expenses.
- Total revenues increased by \$674,048. The majority of the increase was a result of a \$590,289 increase in parking revenue.
- Interest and fees expense on long-term debt in governmental activities decreased by \$270,603 compared with 2012, consistent with the Agency's debt service schedule on outstanding bonds.
- The Agency's key revenues are parking revenues and revenue allocation revenues (incremental tax revenue). Parking revenues increased \$590,289, primarily due to increased parking activity and lengths of stay in fiscal year 2013. Revenue allocation decreased slightly, about 2.6% or \$242,711 in fiscal 2013 as compared to the prior year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The format of this report allows the reader to examine combined financial statements to view the Agency as a whole (Agency-wide) as well as information on individual fund activities. This financial report consists of three parts: 1) Management Discussion & Analysis, 2) the Basic Financial Statements, and 3) Required Supplementary Information. Viewing governmental activity both as a whole and by individual major fund gives the reader a broader perspective, increases the Agency's accountability and provides a more complete picture of the financial health and activities of the Agency. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the Agency:

The first two statements are government-wide financial statements that provide both long-term and short-term information about the Agency's overall financial status. The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the Agency activities. These statements report the Agency's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements. The governmental funds statements show how general government services such as urban renewal and parking were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements.

Figure A illustrates how the required parts of this annual report are arranged and relate to one another.

Required Components of CCDC Annual Financial Report Management's Basic Required Supplementary Discussion & Financial Information Statements Analysis Notes Fund Government-wide to the Financial Financial Financial Statements Statements Statements

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

In addition to these required elements, a section is included with the combined statements that provide details about the Agency's non-major governmental funds, each of which are added together and presented in single columns in the basic financial statements. Figure B identifies the presentation of the Agency's financial statements as follows:

Major Features of CCDC's Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

	Government-wide Statements	Governmental Funds
Scope	Entire Agency government (except fiduciary funds) and Agency's component units	The activities of the Agency that are not proprietary such as urban renewal
Required financial statements	Statements of: Net Position Activities	Balance sheet Statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances
Accounting basis/ measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus
Type of asset/ liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital and short-term and long-term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets included
Type of inflow/ outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year, expenditures when goods or services have been received payment is due during the year or soon thereafter

The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and content of each of the statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

Government-Wide Financial Statements

Agency-wide financial statements are designed to parallel more closely the reporting used in private-sector businesses, in that all governmental activities are reported using the same basis of accounting (accrual), and that the statements include a total column to provide information on the Agency as a whole. These statements are designed to better portray the fiscal position of the Agency relative to the prior year.

The Statement of Net Position provides information on all of the Agency's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Historical trending of the net position can provide a useful indicator as to whether the financial position of the Agency is improving or declining. The Agency's principal physical assets are land and parking structures.

The Statement of Activities provides information showing changes made to the Agency's net position during fiscal year 2013. Financial activity shown on this statement is reported on an accrual basis (at the time the underlying event causing the change occurs, rather than at the time the cash flows happen). Thus revenue and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods. All of the year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities. The Agency's principal activities relate to planning and facilitation of quality private development, public infrastructure improvements, operation of the downtown parking system, and issuance of debt financing for larger strategic projects. The Agency's program operation, urban renewal activities and parking system operation are included in the governmental activities. The individual district activities are tracked separately and combined for reporting purposes.

Fund Financial Statements

The focus of the fund financial statements is to provide more detailed information about the Agency's major funds rather than the previous focus on fund *types* or on the Agency as a *whole*. A fund is a self-balancing set of accounts that is used to keep track of specific revenues and expenditures related to certain activities or objectives. Some funds are required by State law and some stipulated by bond policies. Operational funds are established by the Board of Commissioners for appropriations and management purposes. All of the Agency's funds are governmental funds.

Governmental funds use *modified* accrual accounting, which measures current economic resources and focuses on changes to the current financial resources. This method is useful in evaluating the Agency's short-term financial resources. Supplemental information following some of the included statements further addresses long-term issues and variances with the government-wide statements. The Agency maintains seven governmental funds: Debt Service Fund (Ada County Courthouse Lease Agreement), Central District Revenue Allocation Fund (urban renewal activities), River-Myrtle District Revenue Allocation Fund (urban renewal activities), Westside District Revenue Allocation Fund (urban renewal activities), Parking Fund (parking system activities), and the General Fund.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the information provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Agency-Wide Financial Analysis

Table 1 reflects the condensed FY 2013 and FY 2012 Statement of Net Position. Increases or decreases in net position may vary significantly with variations in debt service payments, the timing of large public improvement projects; or the purchase or sale of land, buildings, and parking facilities. The Agency's combined net position increased \$2,515,549 compared to fiscal year 2012. The increase is the result of deferred capital projects planned for future budget years.

Table 1
Statement of Net Position
As of September 30, 2012 and 2013

			Percentage Change
	2012	2013	2012-2013
Current & Other Assets	\$ 76,966,345	\$ 73,805,235	(4.1%)
Capital Assets	22,692,985	22,203,369	(2.2%)
Total Assets	99,659,330	96,008,604	(3.7%)
Long-term Debt Outstanding	67,275,341	61,778,695	(8.2%)
Other Liabilities	12,954,135	12,284,506	(5.2%)
Total Liabilities	80,229,476	74,063,201	(7.7%)
Net Position			
Net Investment in			
Capital Assets	11,537,985	12,650,179	9.6%
Restricted & Unrestricted	7,891,869	9,295,224	17.8%
Total Net Position	\$ 19,429,854	\$ 21,945,403	12.9%

Total assets declined \$3,650,726. The decrease in total assets is attributable to depreciation of capital assets and the decrease in due from other government units.

Approximately 58% of the Agency's net position is invested in capital assets (i.e. land, buildings, equipment, parking facilities, and other) with the balance remaining in other net position to provide for ongoing obligations and subsequent year activities.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

Table 2 provides a summary of the Agency's operation for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2013. Prior year data is presented for comparison purposes.

Table 2 Statement of Activities For Years Ended September 30, 2012 and 2013

Dercentage

		Percentage
		Change
2012	2013	2012-2013
,		
\$ 2,202,217	\$ 2,072,269	(5.9%)
515,465	989,797	92.0%
3,858,593	4,448,882	15.3%
6,576,275	7,510,948	14.2%
9,242,987	9,000,276	(2.6%)
23,054	5,140	(77.7%)
15,842,316	16,516,364	4.3%
4,983,993	6,660,296	33.6%
3,864,306	3,593,703	(7.0%)
3,982,317	3,746,816	(5.9%)
12,830,616	14,000,815	9.1%
3,011,700	2,515,549	
16,418,154	19,429,854	18.3%
\$ 19,429,854	\$ 21,945,403	12.9%
	\$ 2,202,217 515,465 3,858,593 6,576,275 9,242,987 23,054 15,842,316 4,983,993 3,864,306 3,982,317 12,830,616 3,011,700 16,418,154	\$ 2,202,217 \$ 2,072,269 515,465 989,797 3,858,593 4,448,882 6,576,275 7,510,948 9,242,987 9,000,276 23,054 5,140 15,842,316 16,516,364 4,983,993 6,660,296 3,864,306 3,593,703 3,982,317 3,746,816 12,830,616 14,000,815 3,011,700 2,515,549 16,418,154 19,429,854

Revenues: Charges for Services include lease revenues from the Ada County Corridor Project. Operating Grants & Contributions include property tax increment revenues. Parking revenues include proceeds generated from operating the parking garages. General Revenues include earnings on investments. Overall, total Agency revenues increased approximately \$674,048 compared with the prior year. Additionally, tax increment revenues declined about \$242,711 compared to fiscal 2012, reflecting economic conditions and lower property values.

Expenses: Community Development includes the general expenses of the Agency related to fulfilling its mission. Interest on Long-Term Debt includes the interest portion of payments related to long-term financing arrangements. Parking Facilities includes the cost of operating the parking system. Overall, total Agency expenses in fiscal 2013 increased approximately \$1,170,199. The change in expenses was primarily associated increased investment in community development, capital outlay and related expenses.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

Budgetary Highlights

The fiscal 2013 budget was amended once during the year. The budget was decreased for amounts related to timing of capital improvement projects that were continued into the next fiscal year. The budget for operational expenses was also decreased.

Capital Assets

Tables 3 and 4 present the Agency's capital assets. The Agency's did not have major capital asset activity during the fiscal year. The change in capital assets was primarily attributable to depreciation.

Table 3
Capital Assets Net of Depreciation

			Total
			Percentage
			Change
	2012	2013	2012-2013
Land	\$ 3,943,660	\$ 3,943,660	0.0%
Construction in Progress	-	470,821	100.0%
Buildings, Improvements and Equipment	18,749,325	17,788,888	(5.1%)
Total Assets	\$ 22,692,985	\$ 22,203,369	(2.2%)

Table 4
Major Capital Additions during Fiscal 2013

Beginning Balance	\$ 22,692,985
Capital Additions:	
Construction in Progress	470,821
Equipment	49,957
Total Capital Additions	520,778
Current Year Deletions/Transfers	(314,908)
Current Year Depreciation	(695,486)
Ending Balance	\$ 22,203,369

Debt Administration

Table 5 summarizes the principal amounts of the Agency's long-term debt (See also Note 7 – Long-Term Debt). The changes in long-term debt represent the scheduled principal payments on that debt.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

Table 5 Long-Term Debt

			Total			Tot	al Dollar Change		
Activity	Type	2012		2012		2013			2012-2013
2005 Series	Bond	\$	41,705,000	\$	38,680,000	\$	(3,025,000)		
2010 A-1 Series	Bond		2,810,000		2,290,000		(520,000)		
2010 A-2 Series	Bond		580,000		-		(580,000)		
2010 B-1	Bond		7,480,000		7,250,000		(230,000)		
2010 B-2	Bond		285,000		-		(285,000)		
2010 C	Note		2,285,000		2,135,000		(150,000)		
2011 B	Note		12,425,000		11,635,000		(790,000)		
Total		\$	67,570,000	\$	61,990,000	\$	(5,580,000)		

Economic Factors

The effects of the economic downturn continue to be present in the downtown, but are showing signs of recovery. For fiscal 2013, as compared with fiscal 2012, property values continued some decline however rates increased slightly in the redevelopment districts, resulting in stable revenues.

The economy is showing signs of recovery. It is expected that property values have generally stabilized and are beginning to increase in fiscal 2014. Major new construction projects at the Owyhee Hotel, Trader Joes, JUMP and 8th and Main sites are all underway. The Agency has seen a renewed level of interest in downtown development across multiple use types and proposals for additional projects are in the project assessment stage. The Agency remains both conservative and optimistic in its economic outlook during this transitional time of economic recovery.

Request for Further Information

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the Agency's finances. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, please contact our general offices at: Capital City Development Corporation, 121 N. 9th St., #501, Boise, ID 83702, 208-384-4264 (Telephone), 208-384-4267 (Fax), www.ccdcboise.com (Website).

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and investments	\$ 14,041,007
Receivables	
Accounts receivable	187,115
Interest receivable	238,363
Taxes receivable	8,712,992
Due from other governmental units	38,680,000
Prepaids and deposits	2,185
Restricted cash	5,232,525
Investment in partnership	130,000
Investment in property held for resale or development	4,020,646
Deferred bond financing costs,	
net of accumulated amortization	1,054,879
Prepaid interest on bonds	1,505,523
Capital assets	
Land, non-depreciable	3,943,660
Construction in progress, non-depreciable	470,821
Buildings, improvements, and equipment,	
net of accumulated depreciation	17,788,888
	96,008,604
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	1,172,526
Accrued liabilities	99,948
Interest payable	322,757
Capital lease payable	13,190
Unearned revenue	9,741,209
Premium on bond issuance,	
net of accumulated amortization	934,876
Long-term debt	
Current portion	5,975,000
Long-term	55,803,695_
Total liabilities	74,063,201
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	12,650,179
Restricted	8,532,530
Unrestricted	762,694
	\$ 21,945,403

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

		Program Revenues					
			Operating	Capital			
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and			
Functions / Programs	Expenses Services		Contributions	Contributions			
Governmental activities							
Community development	\$ 6,660,296	\$ 2,072,269	\$ 989,797	\$ -			
Interest on long-term debt	3,593,701	-	-	-			
Parking facilities	3,746,818	4,448,882					
Total	\$ 14,000,815	\$ 6,521,151	\$ 989,797	\$ -			

General revenues:

Property tax increment for general purposes Unrestricted investment earnings Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net position

Net position, beginning of year Net position, end of year

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

Governmental Activities				
\$	(3,598,230) (3,593,701) 702,064			
	(6,489,867)			
	0.000.07.4			
	9,000,276 5,140			
	9,005,416			
	2,515,549			
	19,429,854			
\$	21,945,403			

BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

ACCEPTE	 General Fund	Debt Service Fund	ntral District RA Fund	iver Myrtle District RA Fund
ASSETS Cash and investments Accounts receivable Interest receivable Taxes receivable Due from other governmental units Prepaids Restricted cash Investment in partnership	\$ 887,150 38,056 333 - 2,185	\$ 38,680,000	\$ 2,388,321 21,119 2,744,350	\$ 3,579,389 56,337 - 4,436,344 - 351,626 130,000
Investment in partnership Investment in property held for resale or development	\$ 927,724	\$ 38,680,000	\$ 5,153,790	\$ 2,982,287 11,535,983
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Unearned revenue	\$ 26,074 99,948	\$ 38,680,000	\$ 11,793 - 2,744,350	\$ 185,089 - 4,436,344
Total liabilities	126,022	38,680,000	2,756,143	4,621,433
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned	2,185 36,823 - 762,694	 - - - - -	2,397,647	 2,982,287 3,932,263 - -
Total fund balances	\$ 801,702 927,724	\$ 38,680,000	\$ 2,397,647 5,153,790	\$ 6,914,550 11,535,983

Westside District RA Fund	I	30th Street District RA Fund		Parking Fund		Total Sovernmental Funds
\$ 1,894,404 7,161	\$	-	\$	5,291,743 64,442	\$	14,041,007 187,115 333
1,494,436		37,862		-		8,712,992
-		-		-		38,680,000 2,185
2,142,508		-		2,738,391		5,232,525 130,000
 1,038,359						4,020,646
\$ 6,576,868	\$	37,862	\$	8,094,576	\$	71,006,803
\$ 279,057	\$	-	\$	670,513	\$	1,172,526 99,948
 1,494,436		37,862		<u>-</u>		47,392,992
1,773,493		37,862		670,513		48,665,466
1,038,359 3,765,016		- - -		2,238,391 500,000 4,685,672		4,022,831 12,370,140 500,000 4,685,672
 				-		762,694
 4,803,375				7,424,063		22,341,337
\$ 6,576,868	\$	37,862	\$	8,094,576	\$	71,006,803

RECONCILIATION OF NET POSITION IN THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION TO THE FUND BALANCE IN THE BALANCE SHEET SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

Amounts reported for *governmental activities* in the Statement of Net Position are different because:

Total fund balance	\$ 22,341,337
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore	
are not reported in the funds.	
Cost of land 3,943,660	
Cost of construction in progress 470,821	
Cost of buildings, improvements, and equipment 30,424,553	
Accumulated depreciation (12,635,665)	22,203,369
Future payments for which the underlying transaction has occurred are recorded as	
revenue on the Statement of Activities, but are not available soon enough to pay	
current year expenditures and therefore are deferred in the Governmental Fund Statements.	
Notes receivable from Ada County 38,680,000	
Interest receivable 238,030	38,918,030
Capital leases are recorded on the liabilities on the Statement of Net Position,	
but are recorded as expenses as cash payments are made on the	
Governmental Fund Statements.	(13,190)
Interest is expensed when paid on the Statement of Revenues but is	
accrued as a payable on the Statement of Net Position.	(84,727)
Proceeds from the prepaid theatre validations were recorded as revenue when received on the Governmental Fund Statements but amortized over the life of the theatre validation agreement for the Statement of Activities and recorded as deferred revenue on the Statement of Net Position.	
Theatre validation proceeds (1,741,920)	
Revenue amortized to date 713,703	(1,028,217)

RECONCILIATION OF NET POSITION IN THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION TO THE FUND BALANCE IN THE BALANCE SHEET SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

Governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in treatment of long-term debt and related items.

Balances at September 30, 2013 are:

Capitalized debt issuance costs 2010 A	175,186
Amortization of debt issuance costs to date	(143,872)
Capitalized debt issuance costs 2010 B	175,508
Amortization of debt issuance costs to date	(59,026)
Capitalized debt issuance costs 2010 C	184,125
Amortization of debt issuance costs to date	(60,040)
Capitalized debt issuance costs 2011 B	590,722
Amortization of debt issuance costs to date	(148,702)
Capitalized debt issuance costs 2005	1,218,772
Amortization of debt issuance costs to date	(877,794)
Premium on bonds issued	(3,341,573)
Amortization of bond premium to date	2,406,697
Prepaid interest	5,381,267
Amortization of prepaid interest to date	(3,875,744)
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

Long-term liabilities applicable to the Agency's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. All liabilities - both current and long-term - are reported in the Statement of Net Position.

Bonds payable - current	(5,975,000)	
Bonds payable - long-term	(56,015,000)	
Deferred economic loss on 2010 A Bonds	50,828	
Deferred economic loss on 2010 B Bonds	73,593	
Deferred economic loss on 2010 C	86,884	
Accrued interest	(238,030)	(62,016,725)

Net position for governmental activities

\$ 21 945 403

1,625,526

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

DEVENIUE	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Central District RA Fund	River Myrtle District RA Fund
REVENUES	Ф	ф. г 00 7 7 20	Φ 4.400	Ф
Lease	\$ -	\$ 5,087,738	\$ 4,400	\$ -
Interest	114	-	708	1,389
Other	72,881	=	86,587	430,618
Parking	-	-	14,655	-
Revenue allocation funds			2,782,837	4,516,386
Total revenues	72,995	5,087,738	2,889,187	4,948,393
EXPENDITURES				
Administrative expenses	1,341,085	_	-	_
Operating expenses	372,949	2,000	142,354	101,489
Capital outlay and	5. - ,> .>	_,000	1.2,00	101,102
related expenses	53,781	_	97,727	2,372,875
Debt service - principal	-	3,025,000		242,050
Debt service - interest	4,292	2,062,738	_	153,498
Debt service - interest	<u> </u>	2,002,730		133,770
Total expenditures	1,772,107	5,089,738	240,081	2,869,912
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(1,699,112)	(2,000)	2,649,106	2,078,481
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Interfund transfers	2,387,754	2,000	(1,848,584)	(1,451,371)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	2,387,754	2,000	(1,848,584)	(1,451,371)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	688,642	-	800,522	627,110
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING OF YEAR	113,060		1,597,125	6,287,440
FUND BALANCES, END OF YEAR	\$ 801,702	\$ -	\$ 2,397,647	\$ 6,914,550

Westside District RA Fund	30th District RA Fund	Parking Fund	Total Governmental Funds
\$ 388 846 76,323 - 1,701,053	\$ - - - -	\$ 9,900 2,083 323,388 4,303,722	\$ 5,102,426 5,140 989,797 4,318,377 9,000,276
1,778,610		4,639,093	19,416,016
- 47,017	-	- 2,099,717	1,341,085 2,765,526
2,120,056	-	1,160,891 2,312,950 956,509	5,805,330 5,580,000 3,177,037
2,167,073		6,530,067	18,668,978
(388,463)	-	(1,890,974)	747,038
(430,211)	·	1,340,412	
(430,211)		1,340,412	
(818,674)	-	(550,562)	747,038
5,622,049		7,974,625	21,594,299
\$ 4,803,375	\$ -	\$ 7,424,063	\$ 22,341,337

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

Amounts reported for governmental activities	s in the Statement of Activities are different
because:	

ause:	s are different	
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 747,038
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures.	However, in	
the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.	d over their	
Capital outlay - parking	470,821	
Capital outlay - other	36,465	
Depreciation - parking	(642,720)	
Depreciation - other	(52,766)	
Loss on sale/disposal of assets net of depreciation	(314,907)	(503,107)
Principal repaid on notes receivable are recorded as revenue in the g funds, but are recorded as a reduction of the note in the Stater Position.		(3,044,812)
Capital leases are recorded as liabilities on the Statement of Net Posi recorded as expenses as cash payments are made on the Governments Statements.		7,934
Proceeds from the prepaid theatre validations were recorded as re received on the Governmental Fund Statements but amortized over the theatre validation agreement for the Statement of Activities and deferred revenue on the Statement of Net Position.	ne life of the	
		145,160
Amortize deferred economic gain (loss) on refunded debt		
Current year loss - 2010 A Refunding	(57,303)	
Current year loss - 2010 B Refunding	(12,008)	
Current year loss - 2010 C Refunding	(14,042)	(83,353)
_		

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but a reduction of long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. In addition, interest expense is not recognized in the governmental funds until it is due, but is recognized when payable in the Statement of Activities.

Payment of long-term debt	5,580,000	
Amortization of 2010 A issuance costs	(35,350)	
Amortization of 2010 B issuance costs	(19,137)	
Amortization of 2010 C issuance costs	(20,052)	
Amortization of 2011 B issuance costs	(73,057)	
Amortization of 2005 issuance costs	(79,781)	
Amortization of 2005 premium	218,740	
Amortization of 2005 prepaid interest	(352,259)	
Interest expense	27,585	5,246,689
Changes in net position of governmental activities		\$ 2,515,549

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Financial Reporting Entity

Capital City Development Corporation (the Agency) is an urban renewal agency created by and existing under the Idaho Urban Renewal Law of 1965, as amended, and is an independent public body, corporate and politic. The Agency provides urban renewal services to the City and its citizens. The commissioners are appointed by the Mayor and approved by City Council. These statements present only the funds and account groups of the Agency and are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations of Boise City, Idaho in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

The Agency is a component unit of Boise City and its financial activities are discretely presented in the City's basic financial statements.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the Agency. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, service or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Agency considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

The Agency reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> – The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest. This fund currently accounts for the activities related to the Ada County Courthouse Corridor project debt service.

<u>Central District Revenue Allocation Fund</u> – The Central District accounts for the revenues derived from the revenue allocation area within the Central District and was established as a funding mechanism to provide public infrastructure improvements. The revenues are first pledged to repay the Series 2010 A-1 and 2010 A-2 Refunding Redevelopment Bonds. Any excess revenues may be expended in accordance with the provisions of the Revenue Allocation Law.

<u>River Myrtle Revenue Allocation Fund</u> – The River Myrtle District accounts for the revenues derived from the revenue allocation area within the River Myrtle District and was established as a funding mechanism to provide public infrastructure improvements. The revenues are first pledged to repay the Series 2010 B-1 and 2010 B-2 Refunding Redevelopment Bonds, the 2010 C Revenue Refunding Note and the 2011 B Revenue Refunding Note. Revenues may only be expended in accordance with the provisions of the Revenue Allocation Law.

<u>Westside Revenue Allocation Fund</u> – The Westside District accounts for the revenues derived from the revenue allocation area within the Westside District and was established as a funding mechanism to provide public infrastructure improvements. Revenues may only be expended in accordance with the provisions of the Revenue Allocation Law.

<u>30th Street Revenue Allocation Fund</u> - The 30th Street District accounts for the revenues derived from the revenue allocation area within the 30th Street District and was established as a funding mechanism to provide public infrastructure improvements. Revenues may only be expended in accordance with the provisions of the Revenue Allocation Law.

<u>Parking Fund</u> – This fund includes the parking activities of the Agency at the following parking facilities: Boulevard garage, Capitol Terrace garage, City Centre garage, Eastman garage, Grove Street garage and Myrtle Street garage. The revenues of the Parking Fund are pledged to support the operations of the Fund and the repayment of the Series 2010 A, 2010 B, 2010 C and 2011 B debt. Net parking revenues are otherwise unrestricted and are used for parking system operations and maintenance and are also available for general Agency use.

<u>General Fund</u> – This fund includes the personnel costs for Agency staff, general office operations as well as downtown-wide activities and program delivery.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Amounts reported as program revenues include: 1) charges for services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions (which includes revenue allocation funds), and 3) capital grants and contributions (which includes reimbursement from Ada County for the courthouse construction). Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. When applying revenues to a program for which unrestricted and restricted revenues are used, restricted revenues are applied first.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

Cash and Investments

Cash represents all cash on hand and in banks. Investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition are also considered cash.

Investments

Investments are stated at fair value, as determined by quoted market prices, except for any certificates of deposit, which are non-participating contracts, and are therefore carried at amortized cost. Interest earned is allocated on a basis of average investment balance. Idaho Code provides authorization for the investment of funds as well as to what constitutes an allowable investment. The Agency policy allows for investment of idle funds consistent with the Idaho State Code 50-1013.

The Code limits investments to the following general types:

Certain revenue bonds, general obligation bonds, local improvement district bonds and registered warrants of state and local governmental entities.

Time deposit accounts, tax anticipation and interest-bearing notes.

Bonds, treasury bills, debentures, or other similar obligations of the United States Government and United States Government Agencies.

Repurchase agreements secured by the above.

Investments in certificates of deposits are stated at amortized cost. Investments in U.S. Treasury securities are stated at amortized cost.

Custodial Credit Risk

For deposits and investments, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Agency will not be able to recover the value of its deposits, investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Agency limits its investments to institutions that are registered with the State of Idaho Department of Finance that adhere to the Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15C3-1 (uniform net capital rule). Non-bank broker/dealer firms and individuals doing business with the Agency must be registered with the National Association of Securities Dealers.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of debt securities or another counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligation and is commonly expressed in terms of the credit quality rating issued by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization such as Moody's, Standard & Poor's or Fitch's. The Agency's policy does not restrict them to rated investments. As of September 30, 2013, none of the investments of the Agency were rated.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

Property Taxes Receivable and Unearned Revenue

Property taxes are recognized as revenue when the amount of taxes levied is measurable, and proceeds are available to finance current period expenditures.

Available tax proceeds include property tax receivables expected to be collected within sixty days after year end. Property taxes attach as liens on properties on January 1, and are levied in September of each year. Tax notices are sent to taxpayers during November, with tax payments scheduled to be collected on or before December 20. Taxpayers may pay all or one half of their tax liability on or before December 20, and if one half of the amount is paid, they may pay the remaining balance by the following June 20. Since the Agency is on a September 30 fiscal year end, property taxes levied during September for the succeeding year's collection are recorded as unearned revenue at the Agency's year end and recognized as revenue in the following fiscal year. Ada County bills and collects taxes for the Agency.

The Agency earned property taxes during the year in the amounts of \$2,782,837, \$4,516,386, and \$1,701,053 from Central District, River Myrtle Old Boise District, and Westside District, respectively.

Accounts Receivable

The Agency provides credit based on contractual agreements in the normal course of business. An allowance for doubtful accounts is based on management's review of the outstanding receivables, historical collection information and existing economic conditions. Accounts receivable are past due based on the terms of the contracts and interest is charged on overdue receivables on a case-by-case basis as allowed by the contracts. Based on management's review of accounts receivable, no allowance was deemed necessary as of September 30, 2013.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000. Assets are recorded at historical costs or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair value on the date donated.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the assets lives are not capitalized.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method, over the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

	Life (Years)
Buildings	30 - 45
Improvements	10 - 45
Parking equipment	7
Office furniture & equipment	3 - 10

Estimated Useful

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

Investment in Property Held for Resale or Development

Property held for resale or development includes several properties in the River Myrtle and Westside Districts.

Property held for resale or development is reflected in the accompanying balance sheet. In furtherance of the Agency's purpose of redevelopment of downtown Boise, these properties may be disposed of for consideration that is substantially less than carrying value.

Fund Equity

The Agency established accounting policies related to Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. This statement redefines the elements of fund balance in governmental funds and more clearly describes the different types of governmental funds to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balance more transparent. The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Fund balance is reported as nonspendable when the resources cannot be spent because they are either legally or contractually required to be maintained intact, or are in a nonspendable form such as inventories, prepaid accounts, and assets held for resale.

Fund balance is reported as restricted when the constraints placed on the use of resources are either: (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments: or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Fund Balance is reported as committed when the Agency Board of Commissioners passes an ordinance or resolution that places specific constraints on how the resources may be used. The Board of Commissioners can modify or rescind the ordinance or resolution at any time through passage of an additional ordinance or resolution, respectively.

Fund Balance is reported as assigned when it is intended for a specific purpose and the authority to "assign" is delegated to the Agency's Executive Director.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned within the General Fund. This classification is also used to report any negative fund balance amounts in other governmental funds.

The Board of Commissioners adopted a Fund Balance Policy that recommends a spending order of restricted, committed, assigned and then unassigned unless the Board approves otherwise.

Per the guidance in the policy, the Board established that an emergency repair reserve in the minimum amount of \$500,000 shall be on hand as of September 30th of each fiscal year in the Parking fund. Funds within this reserve may be used intra-fiscal year for unforeseen, non-routine repair and maintenance expenditures in the garages when failure to do such repair and maintenance could adversely affect life safety or the ability to operate the garage(s) normally in the immediate future. The Board will evaluate the emergency repair reserve amount as part of each fiscal year's budget process and may amend the amount by resolution as it deems appropriate. The balance in the Parking Emergency Repair Reserve fund as of September 30, 2013 was \$500,000.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

The Board further determined that it may be appropriate to set aside funds apart from working capital for a future project or initiative pursuant generally to the budget and related documents such as the capital investment plan and parking reinvestment program. The Board delegated its authority to assign funds in this manner to the Executive Director. As of September 30, 2013, \$4,685,672 was assigned in the Parking fund for parking reinvestment projects and commitments budgeted in fiscal 2014.

Estimates

The preparation of the Agency's financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Significant estimates used in the report relate to the estimated allowance for doubtful accounts for certain accounts receivable. It is reasonably possible that the significant estimates used will change within the next year.

New Accounting Pronouncements

The Agency adopted Statement No. 62 of GASB, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB & AICPA Pronouncements (Statement No. 62). Statement No. 62 incorporates into the GASB's authoritative literature certain accounting and reporting literature issued by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) and American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA) on or before November 30, 1989, which is not in conflict with or contradicted by GASB pronouncements. This literature includes FASB Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board Opinions, and Accounting Research Bulletins of the AICPA Committee. Upon implementation of Statement No. 62, the Agency follows guidance issued by GASB, unless a particular topic is not addressed by GASB. In that case, the Agency would follow other accounting literature from the FASB that is considered a lower tier of GAAP than standards promulgated by GASB. The more significant of the Agency's accounting policies are described below.

In June 2011, the GASB issued Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position. GASBS No. 63 provides guidance for reporting deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and net position in a statement of financial position and related disclosures. The statement of net assets is renamed the statement of net position and includes the following elements: assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position. Although the provisions of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2011, the entity implemented this statement in fiscal year 2013.

NOTE 2 – INVESTMENTS

Funds in the Local Government Investment Pool are invested in accordance with Section 67-1210 and Section 67-1210a of the Idaho code with safety of principal as the foremost objective of the investment program. The funds are collateralized by securities but are not insured. The LGIP was unrated as of September 30, 2013.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk a government may face should interest rate variances affect the fair value of investments. The Agency's policy does not limit the maturities of their investments. As of September 30, 2013, the Agency had the following investments subject to interest rate risk.

		Investment Matu	rities (in years)	Credit
Investment Type	Fair Value	Less than one	1-5	Rating
LGIP	\$ 3,006,935	\$ 3,006,935	\$ -	n/a

Concentration of Credit Risk

Per GASB Statement No. 40, Concentration of Credit Risk is defined as the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. The Agency's policy is to avoid concentration in securities from a specific issuer or business sector other than U.S. Securities. However, the policy does not specifically limit the concentration in any single issuer. No single issuer exceeded 5% of the total investments. At year end, the carrying amount of the Agency's deposits was \$16,266,448 and the bank balance was \$16,341,467. The bank balance of \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance. All cash is held in national financial institutions located in Ada County.

Investment in Partnership

The Agency has made both cash and non-cash contributions to River Plaza Limited Partnership (the Partnership) in exchange for an ownership interest as the special limited partner. The Partnership owns an apartment complex. The Agency has recorded the investment on the cost basis of \$130,000. In accordance with the partnership agreement, there are no gains or losses allocated to the Agency. If the assets of the Partnership are sold or liquidated, the Agency is entitled to a 36.8% interest in the residual distribution upon sale or refinancing. There are no plans for sale or refinancing.

NOTE 3 – RESTRICTED ASSETS

The Agency has four revenue allocation funds, one for each of its four revenue allocation districts. Title 50, Chapter 20 of the Idaho code delineates the purposes for which revenue allocation funds may be spent by urban renewal agencies, along with the purposes set forth in the Agency's several urban renewal plans. Since the use of funds is proscribed in statute, the fund balance of the revenue allocation funds is considered restricted under the definitions provided in GASB Statement 54. Therefore, fund balance in its entirety is reported as restricted on the fund financial statements. Restricted fund balance as of September 30, 2013 for Central, River Myrtle and Westside is \$2,397,647, \$3,932,263 and \$3,765,016 respectively. The restricted balance in the Parking fund is \$2,238,391 and is restricted for reserves on the outstanding bonds. The restricted balance in the General Fund is \$36,823 and is restricted for a grant designated for a specific purpose.

Restricted assets are held by the Agency's agent in the Agency's name. Investments are generally held until maturity. The bond resolutions limit investments to certain types of securities which meet defined standards.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

NOTE 4 – INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Interfund transfers are made for two primary purposes. Transfers are made as a method of allocating the cost of program operations to their respective funds. Transfers are also made from the revenue allocation funds to the parking fund to cover the debt service payments on the bonds.

NOTE 5 – DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL UNITS

Amounts due from other agencies and units of government are as follows:

Ada County capital lease	\$	38,680,000
The following represents the minimum future payments on the capital lease	fron	n Ada County.
2014	\$	5,234,238
2015		5,312,662
2016		5,472,150
2017		5,636,550
2018		5,802,300
Thereafter		21,091,700
		48,549,600
Less amount representing interest		(9,869,600)
	\$	38,680,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

NOTE 6 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2013 was as follows:

	September 30,			September 30,
	2012	Additions	Deletions	2013
Governmental Activities				
Capital assets, not depreciated				
Land	\$ 3,943,660	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,943,660
Construction in progress		470,821		470,821
	3,943,660	470,821	-	4,414,481
Capital assets, depreciated				
Buildings	27,110,936	-	-	27,110,936
Improvements other than buildings	3,152,381	-	(64,957)	3,087,424
Equipment	512,012	49,957	(335,776)	226,193
Total	30,775,329	49,957	(400,733)	30,424,553
Less accumulated depreciation				
Buildings	(9,817,582)	(565,705)	-	(10,383,287)
Improvements other than buildings	(2,018,179)	(110,418)	64,956	(2,063,641)
Equipment	(190,243)	(19,363)	20,869	(188,737)
Total	(12,026,004)	(695,486)	85,825	(12,635,665)
Total depreciated capital assets, net	18,749,325	(645,529)	(314,908)	17,788,888
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 22,692,985	\$ (174,708)	\$ (314,908)	\$ 22,203,369

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities

General Government \$ 695,486

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM DEBT

As of September 30, 2013, long-term debt consists of the following:

Beginning						Ending		Due Within		
	Balance		Additions		Reductions		Balance		One Year	
Government activities		·	_		_		_			
2005 Series	\$	41,705,000	\$	-	\$	(3,025,000)	\$	38,680,000	\$	3,330,000
2010 A-1		2,810,000		-		(520,000)		2,290,000		1,130,000
2010 A-2		580,000		-		(580,000)		-		-
2010 B-1		7,480,000		-		(230,000)		7,250,000		530,000
2010 B-2		285,000		-		(285,000)		-		-
2010 C		2,285,000		-		(150,000)		2,135,000		155,000
2011 B		12,425,000				(790,000)		11,635,000		830,000
	\$	67,570,000	\$	-	\$	(5,580,000)	\$	61,990,000	\$	5,975,000

Parking Revenue and Revenue Allocation Bonds	s:
--	----

2005 Series	\$ 38,680,000
2010 A-1	2,290,000
2010 B-1	7,250,000
2010C	2,135,000
2011B	11,635,000_
	\$ 61,990,000

At September 30, 2013, long-term debt is classified on the Statement of Net Position as:

Current portion	\$ 5,975,000
Long-term, net of economic loss being amortized of \$211,305	55,803,695
	\$ 61,778,695

The 2005 Series bonds bear interest at rates between 4.0% and 5.25%. The Agency does not have the option to redeem bonds maturing in years 2012 through 2015 prior to the maturity date, unless extraordinary events happen as prescribed in the debt agreement. Series that mature on or after August 15, 2016 are subject to redemption at the option of the Agency, which option shall be exercised upon the written direction of Ada County, in whole or in part at any time at a price equal to 100% plus accrued interest. The bonds mature on August 15, 2022.

The Series 2010 A-1 are tax exempt fixed rate bonds with a rate of 2.81% that mature on September 1, 2015. The Series 2010 A-2 is taxable fixed rate bonds with a rate of 2.80% that matured on September 1, 2013.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

The Series 2010 B-1 are tax exempt fixed rate bonds with a rate of 4.25% that mature on September 1, 2024. The Series 2010 B-2 are taxable fixed rate bonds with a rate of 3.05% that matured on September 1, 2013.

The 2010 C Revenue Refunding Note was issued through the Boise City Housing Authority, is tax exempt and has a fixed rate of 4.29% and matures on September 1, 2024.

The 2011 B Revenue Refunding Note was issued through the Boise City Housing Authority, is tax exempt but subject to the alternative minimum tax and has a fixed rate of 4.75% and matures on September 1, 2024.

There are certain restrictive covenants, coverage requirements and ratios associated with the Agency's bonds and notes. As of September 30, 2012 the Agency is compliance with these requirements.

The annual requirements to retire the debt for the 2005, 2010 A and 2010 B bonds and the 2010 C and 2011 B notes as of September 30, 2013 are shown below.

	Governmental Activities					
	Principal			Interest		
2014	\$	5,975,000		\$ 2,920,966		
2015		6,325,000		2,649,038		
2016		5,585,000		2,359,153		
2017		6,015,000		2,088,385		
2018		6,475,000		1,795,765		
2019-2023		24,550,000		3,359,222		
2024		7,065,000	_	929,457		
Total	\$	61,990,000		\$ 16,101,986		

NOTE 8 – EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS

Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho (PERSI) - The PERSI Base Plan, a cost sharing multiple-employer public retirement system, was created by the Idaho State Legislature. It is a defined benefit plan requiring that both the member and the employer contribute. The Plan provides benefits based on members' years of service, age, and compensation. In addition, benefits are provided for disability, death, and survivors of eligible members or beneficiaries. The authority to establish and amend benefit provisions is established in Idaho Code. Designed as a mandatory system for eligible state and school district employees, the legislation provided for other political subdivisions to participate by contractual agreement with PERSI. After 5 years of credited service, members become fully vested in retirement benefits earned to date. Members are eligible for retirement benefits upon attainment of the ages specified for their employment classification. For each month of credited service, the annual service retirement allowance is 2.0% of the average monthly salary for the highest consecutive 42 months.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

PERSI issues publicly available stand-alone financial reports that include audited financial statements and required supplementary information. These reports may be obtained from PERSI's website, www.persi.idaho.gov.

The actuarially determined contribution requirements of the Agency and its employees are established and may be amended by the PERSI Board of Trustees. During the period of October 1, 2012 through June 30, 2013, the required contribution rate as a percentage of covered payroll for members was 6.23% for general members. Starting July 1, 2013 the required contribution rate as a percentage of covered payrolls for members was 6.79% for general members. During the period of October 1, 2012 through June 30, 2013 the employer rate as a percentage of covered payroll was 10.39% for general members. Starting July 1, 2013 the employer rate as a percentage of covered payroll is 11.32% for general members. The Agency employer contributions required and paid were \$73,326, \$99,801, and \$93,164 for the three years ended September 30, 2013, 2012, and 2011, respectively.

NOTE 9 - LEASES

Lease Expense

The Agency is a party to the following operating leases:

The Agency entered into the lease for its office space on July 1, 2013. The lease term expires on September 30, 2014. Monthly rent is \$12,328.

The Agency is party to the following capital lease:

The Agency entered into a lease for its copier in September 2013. The lease has a term of thirty nine months and expires on November 30, 2016. The monthly rent is \$398. The lease qualifies as a capital lease. The original amount and accumulated depreciation are as follows:

Copier capital lease agreement Accumulated depreciation	\$ 13,492 346
	\$ 13,146
The payout schedule is as follows:	
2014	\$ 4,776
2015	4,776
2016	4,776
2017	796
Less amount representing interest	\$ (2,030) 13,094

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

Lease Other

The Agency has entered into an agreement with Ada County on the County Courthouse Project. The Agency has leased approximately 10.3 acres of land owned by Ada County under a master ground lease obligation that expires in 2098. The Agency issued bonds, Series 1999 for the County Courthouse Project in the amount of \$62,620,000 to finance the acquisition, construction and improvement of the courthouse and administration building for use by Ada County, and related parking facilities, integrated retail space and other public improvements. The Agency refunded the Series 1999 bonds and issued the Series 2005 bonds. The bonds are the obligation of the Agency, payable from and secured solely by lease payments made by Ada County under the agreement. The agreement provides for lease payments equal to the amount necessary for the payment of annual debt service requirements for the Series 2005 bonds. The Agency plans to lease the Courthouse to Ada County for the remaining twelve years of the bond obligation, with title reverting to Ada County at the end of that term. Upon satisfaction of the outstanding lease obligation, Ada County may purchase the facilities from the Agency for \$1.

The Agency has recorded the transaction as a capital lease receivable for \$38,680,000. This receivable will be received over the remaining eleven years of the term.

The Agency entered into an agreement with Eleven Eleven West Jefferson LLC to lease 200 parking permits in the Boise Plaza Parking garage for a period of five years. The Agency has the right to sell the parking permits to the public in compliance with the rates in its parking management plan. The lease term is for sixty months following the effective date. The lease became effective on June 29, 2009, sixty days after the certificate of occupancy was issued. The annual lease rate is \$213,600 and payment is due in advance on October 1st of each fiscal year. The lease terminates June 29, 2014.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

Future minimum lease payments under the leases are as follows:

	Master Ground					
	lease	Office Facility	Boise Plaza			
2014	\$ 5,234,238	\$ 147,945	\$ 158,590			
2015	5,312,663	φ 117,513 -	ψ 130,370 -			
2016	5,472,150	_	_			
2017	5,636,550	_	_			
2018	5,802,300	_	_			
2019-2023	21,387,372	_	_			
2024-2028	1,945,792	_	_			
2029-2033	826,006	_	_			
2034-2038	600,027	-	-			
2039-2043	695,594	-	-			
2044-2048	806,382	-	-			
	•	-	-			
2049-2053	934,805	-	-			
2054-2058	1,083,710	-	-			
2059-2063	1,256,317	-	-			
2064-2068	1,456,413	-	-			
2069-2073	1,688,382	-	-			
2074-2078	1,957,299	-	-			
2079-2083	2,269,046	-	-			
2084-2088	2,630,447	-	-			
2089-2093	3,049,413	-	-			
2094-2098	3,161,587					
Total	\$ 73,206,493	\$ 147,945	\$ 158,590			

Total lease expense for the year ended September 30, 2013 was \$5,484,536.

NOTE 10 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Agency agreed to take responsibility for the match requirement for the Federal Transportation Authority Multi Modal Center grant that is administered through Valley Regional Transit. The match responsibility was previously the obligation of Boise City. The total match requirement may be up to \$2,392,508. Of this total requirement, \$281,827 has already been met, leaving a remaining maximum match commitment of \$2,110,681. If the actual match is less than \$2,110,681, the Agency will provide funding up to a total of \$2,110,681 inclusive of the grant match to other projects identified in the Downtown Mobility Study.

The Agency established a separate bank account in which to deposit funds for the match.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

The Agency agreed to enter into an Owners Participation Agreement (OPA) and related agreements with the Gardner Company, the developer of the project at 8th and Main in the Central District. The project is a 18 floor office building with a value estimated by the developer at \$50 to \$60+ million. The Agency's financial participation will involve an anticipated amount up to but not exceeding \$4 million of public improvements and site remediation. The OPA sets out conditions of performance that must be met to become eligible for financial participation.

NOTE 11 – SIGNIFICANT CONTRACTUAL AGREEMENTS

The Agency is party to numerous agreements related to the development of the parcels in the Ada County Courthouse Corridor. In 2011, the various agreements were amended to facilitate the refunding of the 2002 B bonds with the 2011 B Revenue Refunding Note. The Business Terms Sheet/Funds Flow calculation was one of the agreements amended. Under the terms of the amended agreement, the tax increment guarantee for the Idaho Place parcels was restated as \$245,000 for fiscal year 2011, increasing 3% each year thereafter through fiscal year 2024. The developer will receive credit against the guarantee amount for any actual increment received from the subject parcels. The supplemental rent obligation on the apartment parcels in the Courthouse Corridor is stated in the Business Terms Sheet as \$289,865 for fiscal year 2011, increasing 3% each year thereafter through fiscal year 2024. The developer will receive credit against the supplemental rent amount for any actual increment received from the apartment parcels. During fiscal year 2013, the tax increment guarantee and supplemental rent obligations in the amounts of \$143,572 and \$98,754 were received in full.

NOTE 12 – PLEDGED REVENUES

The Agency has certain long-term debt obligations for which revenues have been pledged. The Agency issued the Series 2010 A bonds to refund the 1995A, 1995 B, 1998 and 1999 bonds. Amounts in the 2010 A bond fund are pledged to support this debt. One twelfth of the annual debt service is to be deposited into the bond fund each month. The source revenues for the deposits into the bond fund are revenue allocation from the Central District and parking revenues from the parking system. The 2010 A bonds mature in 2015. The bond fund is pledged until the bonds mature. For the year ended September 30, 2013 the total debt service on these bonds was \$1,195,201.

The Agency issued the Series 2010 B bonds to refund the 2004 A and 2004 B bonds. Amounts in the 2010 B bond fund are pledged to support this debt. One twelfth of the annual debt service is to be deposited into the bond fund each month. The source revenues for the deposits into the bond fund are revenue allocation from the River Myrtle District and parking revenues from the parking system. The 2010 B bonds mature in 2024. The bond fund is pledged until the bonds mature. For the year ended September 30, 2013, the total debt service on these bonds was \$841,593.

The Agency issued the Series 2010 C Revenue Refunding Note to refund the 2002 C bonds. Amounts in the 2010 C note fund are pledged to support this debt. One twelfth of the annual debt service is to be deposited into the note fund each month. The source revenues for the deposits into the note fund are revenue allocation from the River Myrtle District and parking revenues from the parking system. The 2010 B Revenue Refunding Note matures in 2024. The bond fund is pledged until the bonds mature. For the year ended September 30, 2013, the total debt service on this note was \$248,027.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

The Agency issued the Series 2011 B Revenue Refunding Note to refund the 2002 B bonds. Amounts in the 2011 B note fund are pledged to support this debt. One twelfth of the annual debt service is to be deposited into the note fund each month. The source revenues for the deposits into the note fund are revenue allocation from the River Myrtle District and parking revenues from the parking system. The 2011 B Revenue Refunding Note matures in 2024. The bond fund is pledged until the bonds mature. For the year ended September 30, 2013, the total debt service on this note was \$1,380,188.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	General Fund							
	Original Budget	Amended Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)				
REVENUES								
Interest	\$ -	\$ 100	\$ 114	\$ 14				
Other	19,550	81,851	72,881	(8,970)				
Total revenues	19,550	81,951	72,995	(8,956)				
EXPENDITURES								
Operating and administrative expenses	2,019,728	1,808,127	1,714,034	94,093				
Capital outlay and related expenses	63,790	57,500	53,781	3,719				
Debt service - interest and fees	16,000	4,300	4,292	8				
Total expenditures	2,099,518	1,869,927	1,772,107	97,820				
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(2,079,968)	(1,787,976)	(1,699,112)	88,864				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Interfund transfers	2,017,468	2,552,604	2,387,754	(164,850)				
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	2,017,468	2,552,604	2,387,754	(164,850)				
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(62,500)	764,628	688,642	(75,986)				
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING OF YEAR	113,060	113,060	113,060					
FUND BALANCES, END OF YEAR	\$ 50,560	\$ 877,688	\$ 801,702	\$ (75,986)				

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Central District RA Fund								
	Original Amended Budget Budget			Actual		F	Variance avorable afavorable)		
REVENUES									
Lease	\$	2,500	\$	3,000	\$	4,400	\$	1,400	
Interest		-		600		708		108	
Other	3	31,350		56,400		86,587		30,187	
Parking revenues	1	3,000		7,500 14,655				7,155	
Revenue allocation funds	2,69	93,000	2,7	00,900	2	,782,837		81,937	
Total revenues	2,73	39,850	2,7	2,768,400		2,889,187		120,787	
EXPENDITURES									
Operating expenses	16	52,000	168,400		142,354		26,046		
Capital outlay and related expenses	825,000			115,240		97,727		17,513	
Total expenditures	98	37,000	2	283,640		240,081		43,559	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	1,75	52,850	2,4	84,760	2	,649,106		164,346	
OTHER FINANCING USES Interfund transfers	(1,56	53,424)	(1,8	96,116)	(1	,848,584)		47,532	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING USES	(1,56	53,424)	(1,8	96,116)	(1	,848,584)		47,532	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	18	39,426	5	88,644		800,522		211,878	
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING OF YEAR	1,59	97,125	1,5	97,125	1	,597,125			
FUND BALANCES, END OF YEAR	\$ 1,78	86,551	\$ 2,1	85,769	\$ 2	,397,647	\$	211,878	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	River Myrtle District RA Fund								
	Original Budget	Amended Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)					
REVENUES	Budget	Buaget	7 ictual	(Cinavorable)					
Lease	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -					
Interest	-	-	1,389	1,389					
Other	359,600	613,826	430,618	(183,208)					
Revenue allocation funds	4,173,000	4,210,000	4,516,386	306,386					
Total revenues	4,532,600	4,823,826	4,948,393	124,567					
EXPENDITURES									
Operating expenses	422,500	419,025	101,489	317,536					
Capital outlay and related expenses	3,250,000	2,776,842	3,003,346	(226,504)					
Debt service - principal	-	133,950	242,050	(108,100)					
Debt service -interest		153,499	153,498	1					
Total expenditures	3,672,500	3,483,316	3,500,383	(17,067)					
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER									
EXPENDITURES	860,100	1,340,510	1,448,010	107,500					
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Interfund transfers	(3,264,774)	(1,486,137)	(1,451,371)	34,766					
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING USES	(3,264,774)	(1,486,137)	(1,451,371)	34,766					
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(2,404,674)	(145,627)	(3,361)	142,266					
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING OF YEAR	6,287,440	6,287,440	6,287,440						
FUND BALANCES, END OF YEAR	\$ 3,882,766	\$ 6,141,813	6,284,079	\$ 142,266					
Adjustments to generally accepted accounting Property held for sale	principal basis:		630,471						
FUND BALANCES, END OF YEAR			\$ 6,914,550						

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Westside District RA Fund							
	Original Amended Budget Budget		Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)				
REVENUES								
Lease	\$ -	\$ 400	\$ 388	\$ (12)				
Interest	-	650	846	196				
Other	2,800	65,500	76,323	10,823				
Revenue allocation funds	1,539,000	1,620,000	1,701,053	81,053				
Total revenues	1,541,800	1,686,550	1,778,610	92,060				
EXPENDITURES								
Operating expenses	54,500	45,545	47,017	(1,472)				
Capital outlay and related expenses	4,441,108	4,306,108	2,120,056	2,186,052				
Total expenditures	4,495,608	4,351,653	2,167,073	2,184,580				
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(2,953,808)	(2,665,103)	(388,463)	2,276,640				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Interfund transfers	(348,843)	(446,649)	(430,211)	16,438				
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING USES	(348,843)	(446,649)	(430,211)	16,438				
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(3,302,651)	(3,111,752)	(818,674)	2,293,078				
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING OF YEAR	5,622,049	5,622,049	5,622,049					
FUND BALANCES, END OF YEAR	\$ 2,319,398	\$ 2,510,297	\$ 4,803,375	\$ 2,293,078				

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL

			30th St	reet Dis	strict RA F	ınd		
	Original Budget		Amended Budget		Actual		F	Variance avorable favorable)
REVENUES								
Lease	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Interest		-		-		-		-
Other		-						-
Revenue allocation funds				-				
Total revenues		-		-		-		-
EXPENDITURES								
Operating expenses		10,000	9	0,000		-		90,000
Capital outlay and related expenses		240,000	16	160,000 -				160,000
Total expenditures		250,000	25	0,000		-		250,000
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	1	(250,000)	(25	0,000)		-		250,000
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Interfund transfers		250,000	25	0,000		_		(250,000)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING USES		250,000	25	0,000		-		(250,000)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		-		-		-		-
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING OF YEAR		-				-		_
FUND BALANCES, END OF YEAR	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL

			Parking	g Fu	nd		
	 Original Budget	Amended Budget		Actual		F	variance avorable favorable)
REVENUES							<u> </u>
Lease	\$ 18,000	\$	18,000	\$	9,900	\$	(8,100)
Interest	-		1,600		2,083		483
Other	12,800		380,800		323,388		(57,412)
Parking revenues	3,762,477		4,221,000		4,303,722		82,722
Total revenues	3,793,277		4,621,400		4,639,093		17,693
EXPENDITURES							
Operating expenses	2,194,790		2,177,100		2,099,717		77,383
Capital outlay and related expenses	996,000		1,194,800		1,160,891		33,909
Debt service - principal	2,555,000		2,312,950		2,312,950		-
Debt service - interest and fees	1,110,009		956,510		956,509		1
Total expenditures	6,855,799		6,641,360		6,530,067		111,293
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(3,062,522)		(2,019,960)	((1,890,974)		128,986
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Interfund transfers	2,904,773		1,024,298		1,340,412		316,114
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	2,904,773		1,024,298		1,340,412		316,114
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(157,749)		(995,662)		(550,562)		445,100
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING OF YEAR	7,974,625		7,974,625		7,974,625		
FUND BALANCES, END OF YEAR	\$ 7,816,876	\$	6,978,963	\$	7,424,063	\$	445,100

CAPITAL CITY DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

NOTE 1 – BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

The Agency follows these procedures in establishing the budget:

- 1. Prior to August, the preliminary budget is reviewed by the Agency's Executive Committee.
- 2. The preliminary budget is presented to the Board of Commissioners at either the July or August meeting.
- 3. The preliminary budget is revised, if necessary, prior to final approval.
- 4. The proposed budget is approved by the Board of Commissioners at the August meeting.
- 5. The proposed budget is published for public review.
- 6. The Board of Commissioners holds a public hearing on the budget.
- 7. The proposed budget is adopted by the Board of Commissioners prior to September.
- 8. The adopted budget is filed with the City of Boise.
- 9. October 1 begins the Agency's fiscal year.
- 10. Formal budget amendments, if any, require approval of the Agency's Board of Commissioners.

NOTE 2 – AMENDED BUDGET

The fiscal year 2013 budget was amended once during the year to reflect a restatement of appropriations in the adopted and amended budget.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Board of Commissioners **Capital City Development Corporation** Boise, Idaho

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, and each major fund of Capital City Development Corporation (the Agency), a component unit of Boise City, Idaho, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Agency's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 16, 2014.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Agency's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Agency's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Agency's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not yet been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Agency's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Side Sailly LLP
Boise, Idaho

January 16, 2014